

# **WAIHI EAST SCHOOL**

## **ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023**



**WAIHI EAST SCHOOL**  
**TE KURA RAWHITI O WAIHI**

# WAIHI EAST SCHOOL

## ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

#### School Directory

**Ministry Number:** 2049

**Principal:** Briar Scott

**School Address:** Donnelly Street

**School Postal Address:** P.O.Box 129, Waihi, 3641

**School Phone:** 07 863 8693

**School Email:** [ssamson@east.school.nz](mailto:ssamson@east.school.nz)

#### Members of the Board:

Name	Position	How Position Gained	Term Expired/ Expires
Tineke Douglas	Presiding Member	Elected	Sep-25
Briar Scott	Principal ex Officio	ex Officio	
Ernani de Ocampo	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep-25
Clint Bolerston	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep-25
Victoria Lambert	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep-25
Susanne Bjerring	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep-25
Joanna Derham	Staff Representative	Elected	Sep-25

**Accountant / Service Provider:**



**Auditor:**

BDO Tauranga

# WAIHI EAST SCHOOL

Annual Financial Statements - For the year ended 31 December 2023

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# Waihi East School

## Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2023

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the Principal and others, as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the school's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2023 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the school.

The School's 2023 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Tinere Douglas  
Full Name of Presiding Member

  
Signature of Presiding Member

31/5/2024  
Date:

ANDREW WILKINSON  
Full Name of Principal

  
Signature of Principal

31/5/24  
Date:

# Waihi East School

## Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2023

	Notes	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
<b>Revenue</b>				
Government Grants	2	1,974,372	1,683,501	1,785,286
Locally Raised Funds	3	130,901	85,351	101,386
Interest		4,118	1,614	908
Gain on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment		-	-	4,524
<b>Total Revenue</b>		<b>2,109,391</b>	<b>1,770,466</b>	<b>1,892,104</b>
<b>Expense</b>				
Locally Raised Funds	3	63,080	40,741	37,095
Learning Resources	4	1,570,778	1,279,015	1,403,595
Administration	5	148,959	175,004	146,609
Interest		3,389	249	566
Property	6	372,571	277,320	318,583
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		1,232	1,232	-
<b>Total Expense</b>		<b>2,160,009</b>	<b>1,773,561</b>	<b>1,906,448</b>
<b>Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year</b>		<b>(50,618)</b>	<b>(3,095)</b>	<b>(14,344)</b>
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		-	-	-
<b>Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year</b>		<b>(50,618)</b>	<b>(3,095)</b>	<b>(14,344)</b>

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



**Waihi East School**  
**Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity**  
For the year ended 31 December 2023

	Notes	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
<b>Equity at 1 January</b>		573,644	573,644	575,062
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year		(50,618)	(3,095)	(14,344)
Contributions from / (Distributions to) the Ministry of Education		-	-	11,051
Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant		-	-	1,875
<b>Equity at 31 December</b>		523,026	570,549	573,644
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense		523,026	570,549	573,644
<b>Equity at 31 December</b>		523,026	570,549	573,644

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



# Waihi East School

## Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2023

	Notes	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
<b>Current Assets</b>				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	227,272	191,438	93,042
Accounts Receivable	8	116,921	62,872	110,227
GST Receivable		-	3,943	11,829
Prepayments		10,053	11,206	9,715
Inventories	9	6,241	8,982	5,201
Funds Receivable for Capital Works Projects	16	534	-	33,846
		<u>361,021</u>	<u>278,441</u>	<u>263,860</u>
<b>Current Liabilities</b>				
GST Payable		17,907	-	-
Accounts Payable	11	172,494	79,008	121,546
Borrowings	12	722	5,538	5,538
Revenue Received in Advance	13	32,068	3,154	18,905
Finance Lease Liability	15	7,254	20,841	14,698
Funds held for Capital Works Projects	16	26,135	-	-
		<u>256,580</u>	<u>108,541</u>	<u>160,687</u>
<b>Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)</b>		<u>104,441</u>	<u>169,900</u>	<u>103,173</u>
<b>Non-current Assets</b>				
Property, Plant and Equipment	10	472,179	476,808	520,337
		<u>472,179</u>	<u>476,808</u>	<u>520,337</u>
<b>Non-current Liabilities</b>				
Borrowings	12	4,153	9,691	4,153
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	14	35,238	40,749	23,890
Finance Lease Liability	15	14,203	25,719	21,823
		<u>53,594</u>	<u>76,159</u>	<u>49,866</u>
<b>Net Assets</b>		<u>523,026</u>	<u>570,549</u>	<u>573,644</u>
<b>Equity</b>		<u>523,026</u>	<u>570,549</u>	<u>573,644</u>

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



# Waihi East School

## Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2023

	Note	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
<b>Cash flows from Operating Activities</b>				
Government Grants		586,121	628,367	510,082
Locally Raised Funds		135,675	93,935	117,137
Goods and Services Tax (net)		29,736	(1,656)	(7,886)
Payments to Employees		(397,550)	(340,538)	(338,637)
Payments to Suppliers		(238,139)	(219,890)	(235,258)
Interest Paid		(3,389)	(249)	(566)
Interest Received		4,079	1,614	910
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities		116,533	161,583	45,782
<b>Cash flows from Investing Activities</b>				
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)		(23,000)	(90,423)	(108,845)
Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities		(23,000)	(90,423)	(108,845)
<b>Cash flows from Financing Activities</b>				
Furniture and Equipment Grant		-	-	1,875
Finance Lease Payments		(13,934)	(13,500)	(18,191)
Repayment of Loans		(4,816)	(5,538)	5,538
Funds Administered on Behalf of Other Parties		59,447	-	(229,774)
Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities		40,697	(19,038)	(240,552)
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>		<b>134,230</b>	<b>52,122</b>	<b>(303,615)</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	7	93,042	139,316	396,657
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	7	<b>227,272</b>	<b>191,438</b>	<b>93,042</b>

The Statement of Cash Flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries, use of land and buildings grant and expense and other notional items have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



# Waihi East School

## Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the year ended 31 December 2023

#### 1. Statement of Accounting Policies

##### a) Reporting Entity

Waihi East School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

##### b) Basis of Preparation

###### **Reporting Period**

The financial statements have been prepared for the period 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

###### **Basis of Preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

###### **Financial Reporting Standards Applied**

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

###### **PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime**

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expense threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

###### **Measurement Base**

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

###### **Presentation Currency**

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

###### **Specific Accounting Policies**

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

###### **Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions**

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

###### **Cyclical maintenance**

A school recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the school buildings. The estimate is based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its painting maintenance plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 14.

###### **Useful lives of property, plant and equipment**

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment, as disclosed in the significant accounting policies, are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 10.



### **Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies**

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

#### **Classification of leases**

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the school. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee.

Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised. Finance lease liability disclosures are contained in note 15. Future operating lease commitments are disclosed in note 21.

#### **Recognition of grants**

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

### **c) Revenue Recognition**

#### **Government Grants**

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives:

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Other Ministry Grants for directly funded programs are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly by the Ministry of Education.

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. Grants for the use of land and buildings are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

#### **Other Grants where conditions exist**

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

#### **Donations, Gifts and Bequests**

Donations, gifts and bequests are recognised as an asset and revenue when the right to receive funding or the asset has been established unless there is an obligation to return funds if conditions are not met. If conditions are not met, funding is recognised as revenue in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions are satisfied.

#### **Interest Revenue**

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

### **d) Operating Lease Payments**

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

### **e) Finance Lease Payments**

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.



#### **f) Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

#### **g) Accounts Receivable**

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for expected credit losses (uncollectable debts). The schools receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education. Therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

#### **h) Inventories**

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and are comprised of stationery and school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

#### **i) Property, Plant and Equipment**

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements (funded by the Board) to buildings owned by the Crown or directly by the board are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value, as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

#### **Finance Leases**

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the school will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.

#### **Depreciation**

Property, plant and equipment except for library resources are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Building improvements	18-40 years
Buildings	40 years
Furniture and equipment	5-15 years
Information and communication technology	3-5 years
Motor vehicles	5 years
Library resources	12.5% Diminishing value
Leased assets held under a Finance Lease	Term of Lease



## **j) Intangible Assets**

### *Software costs*

Computer software acquired by the School are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Costs associated with subsequent maintenance and research expenditure are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense when incurred.

The carrying value of software is amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life. The useful life of software is estimated as three years. The amortisation charge for each period and any impairment loss is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

## **k) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets**

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

### *Non cash generating assets*

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the School estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

In determining fair value less costs to sell, the School engages an independent valuer to assess market value based on the best available information. The valuation is based on comparison to recent market transactions.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

## **l) Accounts Payable**

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

## **m) Employee Entitlements**

### *Short-term employee entitlements*

Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date and annual leave earned, by non teaching staff, but not yet taken at balance date.

### *Long-term employee entitlements*

Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Remeasurements are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which they arise.

## **n) Revenue Received in Advance**

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees or grants are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees or grants are earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees in relation to international students, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.



**o) Funds Held in Trust**

Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

**p) Funds held for Capital works**

The school directly receives funding from the Ministry of Education for capital works projects that are included in the School five year capital works agreement. These funds are held on behalf and for a specified purpose. As such, these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

**q) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance**

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition.

The School carries out painting maintenance of the whole school over a 7 to 10 year period. The economic outflow of this is dependent on the plan established by the school to meet this obligation and is detailed in the notes and disclosures of these accounts.

**r) Financial Instruments**

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Investments that are shares are categorised as 'financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expense' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards. On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the School may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive revenue and expense. This election has been made for investments that are shares. Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in surplus or deficit unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expense and are never reclassified to surplus or deficit.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in surplus or deficit.

**s) Borrowings**

Borrowings on normal commercial terms are initially recognised at the amount borrowed plus transaction costs. Interest due on the borrowings is subsequently accrued and added to the borrowings balance. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the school has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after balance date.



**t) Goods and Services Tax (GST)**

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

**u) Budget Figures**

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

**v) Services received in-kind**

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.



## 2. Government Grants

	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
Government Grants - Ministry of Education	579,401	546,101	520,884
Teachers' Salaries Grants	1,166,166	974,153	1,076,975
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	228,805	163,147	182,594
Other Government Grants	-	100	4,833
	<u>1,974,372</u>	<u>1,683,501</u>	<u>1,785,286</u>

The school has opted in to the donations scheme for this year. Total amount received was \$28,358.

## 3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
<b>Revenue</b>			
Donations & Bequests	71,957	42,000	6,348
Fees for Extra Curricular Activities	22,503	18,359	19,237
Trading	11,398	9,000	8,174
Fundraising & Community Grants	21,627	15,099	65,710
Other Revenue	3,416	893	1,917
	<u>130,901</u>	<u>85,351</u>	<u>101,386</u>
<b>Expense</b>			
Extra Curricular Activities Costs	35,947	17,809	18,340
Trading	10,141	9,000	10,039
Fundraising and Community Grant Costs	16,992	13,932	8,716
	<u>63,080</u>	<u>40,741</u>	<u>37,095</u>
<i>Surplus/ (Deficit) for the year Locally Raised Funds</i>	<u>67,821</u>	<u>44,610</u>	<u>64,291</u>

## 4. Learning Resources

	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
Curricular	27,710	31,772	37,107
Vehicle Costs	5,220	7,000	1,989
Information and Communication Technology	9,301	-	-
Library Resources	992	1,250	855
Employee Benefits - Salaries	1,421,288	1,133,873	1,261,829
Staff Development	37,471	28,250	28,362
Depreciation	68,796	76,870	73,453
	<u>1,570,778</u>	<u>1,279,015</u>	<u>1,403,595</u>



## 5. Administration

	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
Audit Fees	4,811	4,298	4,331
Board Fees	4,253	5,500	3,974
Board Expenses	14,930	13,450	17,885
Communication	5,106	5,060	5,001
Consumables	6,534	5,300	4,885
Other	13,658	11,800	18,966
Employee Benefits - Salaries	83,104	115,311	70,873
Insurance	10,185	7,285	6,460
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	6,378	7,000	14,234
	148,959	175,004	146,609

## 6. Property

	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	6,500	4,500	6,253
Cyclical Maintenance	11,348	6,000	(2,169)
Grounds	27,092	11,728	11,402
Heat, Light and Water	9,885	7,800	10,639
Rates	5,732	4,500	3,352
Repairs and Maintenance	6,972	13,645	34,910
Use of Land and Buildings	228,805	163,147	182,594
Employee Benefits - Salaries	76,237	66,000	71,602
	372,571	277,320	318,583

The use of land and buildings figure represents 5% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

## 7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
Bank Accounts	227,272	191,438	93,042
Cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	227,272	191,438	93,042

Of the \$227,272 Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$26,136 is held by the School on behalf of the Ministry of Education. These funds have been provided by the Ministry as part of the school's 5 Year Agreement funding for upgrades to the school's buildings. The funds are required to be spent in 2024 on Crown owned school buildings.

Of the \$227,272 Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$10,997 of unspent grant funding is held by the School. This funding is subject to conditions which specify how the grant is required to be spent. If these conditions are not met, the funds will need to be returned.



## 8. Accounts Receivable

	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
Receivables	9,538	1,149	1,149
Receivables from the Ministry of Education	1,149	7,869	7,869
Interest Receivable	39	-	-
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	106,195	53,854	101,209
	<u>116,921</u>	<u>62,872</u>	<u>110,227</u>
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	9,577	1,149	1,149
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	107,344	61,723	109,078
	<u>116,921</u>	<u>62,872</u>	<u>110,227</u>

## 9. Inventories

	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
School Uniforms	6,241	8,982	5,201
	<u>6,241</u>	<u>8,982</u>	<u>5,201</u>

## 10. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Opening Balance (NBV) \$	Additions \$	Disposals \$	Impairment \$	Depreciation \$	Total (NBV) \$
<b>2023</b>						
Building Improvements - Crown	266,118	-	-	-	(11,645)	<b>254,473</b>
Furniture and Equipment	145,402	16,857	-	-	(27,809)	<b>134,450</b>
Information and Communication Technology	18,467	6,475	(1,232)	-	(4,095)	<b>19,615</b>
Vehicles	45,045	-	-	-	(11,032)	<b>34,013</b>
Leased Assets	36,744	23,117	(23,156)	(2,044)	(13,067)	<b>21,594</b>
Library Resources	8,561	621	-	-	(1,148)	<b>8,034</b>
<b>Balance at 31 December 2023</b>	<u>520,337</u>	<u>47,070</u>	<u>(24,388)</u>	<u>(2,044)</u>	<u>(68,796)</u>	<u><b>472,179</b></u>

The net carrying value of furniture and equipment held under a finance lease is \$21,594 (2022: \$36,744)

### Restrictions

With the exception of the contractual restrictions related to the above noted finance leases, there are no restrictions over the title of the school's property, plant and equipment, nor are any property, plant and equipment pledged as security for liabilities.



	2023	2023	2023	2022	2022	2022
	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Building Improvements - Crown Furniture and Equipment	387,077	(132,604)	254,473	387,077	(120,959)	266,118
Information and Communication Technology	407,478	(273,028)	134,450	370,948	(225,546)	145,402
Vehicles	92,248	(72,633)	19,615	87,256	(68,789)	18,467
Leased Assets	59,735	(25,722)	34,013	59,735	(14,690)	45,045
Library Resources	33,757	(12,163)	21,594	54,178	(17,434)	36,744
	49,037	(41,003)	8,034	48,416	(39,855)	8,561
<b>Balance at 31 December 2023</b>	<b>1,029,332</b>	<b>(557,153)</b>	<b>472,179</b>	<b>1,007,610</b>	<b>(487,273)</b>	<b>520,337</b>

## 11. Accounts Payable

	2023	2023	2022
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Creditors	41,997	14,597	14,597
Accruals	5,654	4,005	4,005
Employee Entitlements - Salaries	121,773	58,671	101,209
Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	3,070	1,735	1,735
	172,494	79,008	121,546
Payables for Exchange Transactions	172,494	79,008	121,546
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Taxes Payable (PAYE and Rates)	-	-	-
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Other	-	-	-
	172,494	79,008	121,546

The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.

## 12. Borrowings

	2023	2023	2022
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Loans due in one year	722	5,538	5,538
Loans due after one year	4,153	9,691	4,153
	4,875	15,229	9,691

The school has borrowings at 31 December 2023 of \$4,875 (31 December 2022 \$9,691). This loan is from EECA for the purpose of updating lighting to LED. The loan is unsecured, has no interest component and the loan is payable in equal instalments of \$1,203.87.

### 13. Revenue Received in Advance

	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
Other revenue in Advance	32,068	3,154	18,905
	32,068	3,154	18,905

### 14. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
Provision at the Start of the Year	23,890	34,749	26,059
Increase to the Provision During the Year	11,348	6,000	(2,169)
Provision at the End of the Year	35,238	40,749	23,890
Cyclical Maintenance - Non current	35,238	40,749	23,890
	35,238	40,749	23,890

The schools cyclical maintenance schedule details annual painting to be undertaken. The costs associated with this annual work will vary depending on the requirements during the year. This plan is based on the schools 10 Year Property plan.

### 15. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
No Later than One Year	8,880	22,341	15,208
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	15,839	27,219	22,099
Future Finance Charges	(3,262)	(3,000)	(786)
	21,457	46,560	36,521
<b>Represented by</b>			
Finance lease liability - Current	7,254	20,841	14,698
Finance lease liability - Non current	14,203	25,719	21,823
	21,457	46,560	36,521



## 16. Funds Held for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects. The amount of cash held on behalf of the Ministry for capital works project is included under cash and cash equivalents in note 9.

	2023	Opening Balances	Receipts from MOE	Payments	Board Contributions	Closing Balances
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Upgrade Admin Block		(33,311)	50,324	(8,825)	-	8,187
LSC Spacex1 (220485)		(535)	-	-	-	(534)
AMS/5YA Renovations (233419)		-	34,068	(16,120)	-	17,948
Totals		(33,846)	84,392	(24,945)	-	25,601

### Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education	26,135
Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education	(534)

	2022	Opening Balances	Receipts from MOE	Payments	Board Contributions	Closing Balances
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Upgrade Admin Block		195,928	13,419	(242,658)	-	(33,311)
LSC Spacex1 (220485)		-	82,077	(82,612)	-	(535)
Totals		195,928	95,496	(325,270)	-	(33,846)

### Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education	-
Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education	(33,846)

## 17. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the school. The school enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.



## 18. Remuneration

### Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all Board members, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	<b>2023 Actual \$</b>	<b>2022 Actual \$</b>
<i>Board Members</i>		
Remuneration	4,253	3,974
 <i>Leadership Team</i>		
Remuneration	526,817	452,577
Full-time equivalent members	4.00	4.00
 Total key management personnel remuneration	531,070	456,551

There are five members of the Board excluding the Principal. The Board has held eight full meetings of the Board in the year. The Board also has Finance (one member) and Property (one member) committees that meet monthly and quarterly respectively. As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the Presiding member and other Board members have also been involved in ad hoc meetings to consider student welfare matters including stand downs, suspensions, and other disciplinary matters.

### Principal

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

	<b>2023 Actual \$000</b>	<b>2022 Actual \$000</b>
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:		
Salary and Other Payments	160-170	130 - 140
Benefits and Other Emoluments	5 - 6	4 - 5
Termination Benefits	-	-

### Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

<b>Remuneration \$000</b>	<b>2023 FTE Number</b>	<b>2022 FTE Number</b>
100 - 110	1.00	1.00
110 - 120	1.00	1.00
120 - 130	1.00	0.00
	3.00	2.00

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.



## 19. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be board members, committee members, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2023 Actual	2022 Actual
Total	-	-
Number of People	-	-

## 20. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities (except as noted below) and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2023 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2022: nil).

### Holidays Act Compliance – Schools Payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider, Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry continues to review the Schools Sector Payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003. An initial remediation payment has been made to some current school employees. The Ministry is continuing to perform detailed analysis to finalise calculations and the potential impacts of specific individuals, as such, this is expected to resolve the liability for school boards.

### Pay Equity Settlement Wash-Up Amounts

In 2023 the Ministry of Education provided additional funding for non-teaching collective and pay equity agreements. The school is yet to receive a final wash-up that adjusts the estimated quarterly instalments for the actual eligible staff members employed in 2023. The Ministry is in the process of determining wash-up payments or receipts for the year ended 31 December 2023. However, as at the reporting date, this amount had not been calculated and therefore is not recorded in these financial statements.

## 21. Commitments

### (a) Capital Commitments

At 31 December 2023, the Board had capital commitments of \$324,671 (2022:\$345,987) as a result of entering the following contracts:

Contract Name	Contract Amount	Spend To Date	Remaining Capital Commitment
	\$	\$	\$
AMS/5YA A,B,C,D,L,CW1 ILE (233419)	340,680	16,120	324,560
Upgrade of Admin Block	272,846	272,200	646
LSC SpaceX1 (220485)	82,077	82,612	(535)
			-
<b>Total</b>	<b>695,603</b>	<b>370,932</b>	<b>324,671</b>

The total lease payments incurred during the period were \$21,457 (2022: \$36,521).



## 22. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

### Financial assets measured at amortised cost

	2023 Actual \$	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
Receivables	116,921	62,872	110,227
Investments - Term Deposits	-	-	-
Total financial assets measured at amortised cost	<u>344,193</u>	<u>254,310</u>	<u>203,269</u>

### Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

Payables	172,494	79,008	121,546
Finance Leases	21,457	46,560	36,521
Painting Contract Liability	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	<u>198,826</u>	<u>140,797</u>	<u>167,758</u>

## 23. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

